

Package ‘romic’

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Type Package

Title R for High-Dimensional Omic Data

Version 1.1.1

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Description Represents high-dimensional data as tables of features, samples and measurements, and a design list for tracking the meaning of individual variables. Using this format, filtering, normalization, and other transformations of a dataset can be carried out in a flexible manner. 'romic' takes advantage of these transformations to create interactive 'shiny' apps for exploratory data analysis such as an interactive heatmap.

Depends R (>= 3.2.3)

biocViews

Imports checkmate, dplyr, ggplot2, glue, purrr, readr, reshape2, rlang, shiny (>= 1.5.0), stringr, tibble, tidyr (>= 1.0.0)

Suggests knitr, impute, lazyeval, plotly, rmarkdown, usethis, testthat

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LazyData true

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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R topics documented:

add_pcs	3
app_flow	4
app_heatmap	5

app_pcs	5
brauer_2008	6
center_tomic	7
check_tidy_omic	7
check_tomic	8
check_triple_omic	8
convert_wide_to_tidy_omic	9
create_tidy_omic	10
create_triple_omic	11
downsample_heatmap	13
export_tomic_as_tidy	14
export_tomic_as_triple	14
export_tomic_as_wide	15
filterInput	16
filterServer	16
filter_tomic	17
format_names_for_plotting	18
get_design_tbl	19
ggBivOutput	19
ggBivServer	20
ggplotOutput	20
ggplotServer	21
ggUnivOutput	21
ggUnivServer	22
hclust_order	22
impute_missing_values	23
infer_tomic_table_type	24
lassoInput	25
lassoServer	25
organizeInput	26
organizeServer	26
plotsaverInput	27
plotsaverServer	27
plot_bivariate	28
plot_heatmap	29
plot_univariate	30
prepare_example_datasets	31
reconcile_triple_omic	31
remove_missing_values	32
romic	32
shiny_filter_test	33
shiny_ggbiv_test	33
shiny_ggplot_test	34
shiny_gguniv_test	35
shiny_lasso_test	35
shiny_lasso_test_reactval	36
shiny_organize_test	37
shiny_plotsaver_test	37

shiny_sort_test	38
sortInput	39
sortServer	39
sort_tomic	40
sort_triple_arrange	41
sort_triple_hclust	41
tidy_to_triple	42
tomic_sort_status	42
tomic_to	43
triple_to_tidy	43
try_brushedPoints	44
update_tidy_omic	45
update_tomic	46
var_partial_match	46

Index	48
--------------	-----------

add_pcs	<i>Add PCA Loadings</i>
---------	-------------------------

Description

Add Principal Components Analysis Loadings to a tidy or triple omics dataset.

Usage

```
add_pcs(
  tomic,
  value_var = NULL,
  center_rows = TRUE,
  npcs = NULL,
  missing_val_method = "drop_samples"
)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust
center_rows	center rows before performing PCA
npcs	number of principal component loadings to add to samples (default is number of samples)
missing_val_method	Approach to remove missing values: drop_features Drop features with missing values drop_samples Drop samples which are missing all features, then drop features impute Impute missing values

Value

A tomic object with principal components added to samples.

Examples

```
add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5)
```

app_flow

Flow

Description

Using shiny comb through datasets by iterating between plotting steps, and lassoing steps to select points of interest.

Usage

```
app_flow(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  # library(reactlog)  
  # reactlog_enable()  
  app_flow(brauer_2008_triple)  
  # shiny::reactlogShow()  
}
```

app_heatmap	<i>Interactive Heatmap</i>
-------------	----------------------------

Description

Generate a shiny interactive heatmap that allows for on demand filtering, ordering and faceting by variables of interest.

Usage

```
app_heatmap(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  app_heatmap(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

app_pcs	<i>PC Plot</i>
---------	----------------

Description

Generate a Shiny interactive scatter plot which allows visualization of features, measurements, and samples (with principal components added).

Usage

```
app_pcs(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  app_pcs(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

brauer_2008

Brauer 2008

Description

An RNA expression (microarray) dataset looking at how yeast gene expression changes as nutrient sources and nutrient richness changes.

[brauer_2008](#) formatted as a tidy_omic object

[brauer_2008](#) formatted as a triple_omic object

Usage

brauer_2008

brauer_2008_tidy

brauer_2008_triple

Format

A tibble with 18,000 rows and 8 columns:

name Common gene name

BP Gene ontology biological process of the gene

MF Gene ontology molecular function of the gene

sample Sample name

nutrient Which nutrient limits growth (Glucose, Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Sulfur, Uracil, Leucine)

DR Dilution rate of the culture - basically how fast the cells are growing

expression Expression level of the gene, log2 observation relative to a replicate of G0.3

An object of class tidy_omic (inherits from tomic, general) of length 2.

An object of class triple_omic (inherits from tomic, general) of length 4.

Details

This version of the dataset contains only 500 genes randomly selected from the ~6K genes in the complete dataset.

Source

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/17959824/>

center_tomic	<i>Center T* Omic</i>
--------------	-----------------------

Description

Center each measurement by subtracting the mean.

Usage

```
center_tomic(tomic, measurement_vars = "all")
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
measurement_vars	measurement variables to center

Value

A tomic object where one or more measurements have been centered on a feature-by-feature basis.

Examples

```
center_tomic(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

check_tidy_omic	<i>Check Tidy Omic</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Check a tidy_omic dataset for consistency between the data and design and validate that the dataset follows the tidy_omic/tomic specification.

Usage

```
check_tidy_omic(tidy_omic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
fast_check	if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a tomic object is first created.

Value

0 invisibly

check_tomic	<i>Check T*Omic</i>
-------------	---------------------

Description

Check a tidy or triple 'omic object for common pathologies, such as a mismatch between data and schema and non-uniqueness of primary keys.

Usage

```
check_tomic(tomic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
fast_check	if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a tomic object is first created.

Value

0 invisibly

Examples

```
check_tomic(brauer_2008_triple)
```

check_triple_omic	<i>Check Triple Omic</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Check a triple omic dataset for consistency between the data and design and validate that the dataset follows the triple_omic/tomic specification.

Usage

```
check_triple_omic(triple_omic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

triple_omic	an object of class triple_omic produced by create_triple_omic
fast_check	if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a tomic object is first created.

Value

0 invisibly

```
convert_wide_to_tidy_omic
```

Convert Wide to Tidy Omic

Description

Convert a wide dataset of species' abundances (gene product, metabolites, lipids, ...) into a triple_omic dataset (one observation per row)

Usage

```
convert_wide_to_tidy_omic(  
  wide_df,  
  feature_pk,  
  feature_vars = NULL,  
  sample_var = "sample",  
  measurement_var = "abundance",  
  omic_type_tag = "general"  
)
```

Arguments

wide_df	a data.frame (or tibble) containing 1+ columns of feature attributes and many columns of samples
feature_pk	A unique identifier for features
feature_vars	a character vector of additional feature-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
sample_var	variable name to use for samples
measurement_var	variable name to use for measurements
omic_type_tag	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

Value

A tidy_omic object as produced by create_tidy_omic.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)  
  
wide_measurements <- brauer_2008_triple[["measurements"]] %>%  
  tidyr::spread(sample, expression)  
  
wide_df <- brauer_2008_triple[["features"]] %>%
```

```

left_join(wide_measurements, by = "name")

convert_wide_to_tidy_omic(wide_df,
  feature_pk = "name",
  feature_vars = c("BP", "MF", "systematic_name")
)

```

create_tidy_omic *Create Tidy Omic*

Description

A tidy omics object contains a formatted dataset and a summary of the experimental design.

Usage

```

create_tidy_omic(
  df,
  feature_pk,
  feature_vars = NULL,
  sample_pk,
  sample_vars = NULL,
  omic_type_tag = "general"
)

```

Arguments

df	a data.frame (or tibble) containing some combination of feature, sample and observation-level variables
feature_pk	A unique identifier for features
feature_vars	a character vector of additional feature-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
sample_pk	A unique identifier for samples
sample_vars	a character vector of additional sample-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
omic_type_tag	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

Value

An S3 tidy_omic/tomic object built on a list:

data A tibble with one row per measurement (i.e., features x samples)

design A list which organized the dataset's meta-data:

feature_pk variable specifying a unique feature

sample_pk variable specifying a unique sample

features tibble of feature attributes
samples tibble of sample attributes
measurements tibble of measurement attributes

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
raw_tidy_omic <- triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)$data

create_tidy_omic(raw_tidy_omic,
  feature_pk = "feature_id",
  feature_vars = "feature_group", sample_pk = "sample_id",
  sample_vars = "sample_group"
)
```

create_triple_omic *Create Triple Omic*

Description

A triple omics class contains three data.frames, one for features, one for samples, and one for abundances. This is a good format when there is a large amount of meta data associated with features or samples.

Usage

```
create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df,
```

```

feature_df = NULL,
sample_df = NULL,
feature_pk,
sample_pk,
omic_type_tag = "general"
)

```

Arguments

measurement_df A data.frame (or tibble) of measurements - one row for each combination of feature and sample

feature_df A data.frame (or tibble) of features - one row per feature

sample_df A data.frame (or tibble) of samples - one row per sample

feature_pk A unique identifier for features

sample_pk A unique identifier for samples

omic_type_tag an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

Details

for now primary keys are unique (rather than allowing for a multi-index)

Value

An S3 triple_omic/tomic object built on a list:

features A tibble of feature meta-data (one row per feature)

samples A tibble of sample meta-data (one row per sample)

measurements A tibble with one row per measurement (i.e., features x samples)

design A list which organized the dataset's meta-data:

feature_pk variable specifying a unique feature

sample_pk variable specifying a unique sample

features tibble of feature attributes

samples tibble of sample attributes

measurements tibble of measurement attributes

Examples

```

library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

```

```
feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
```

downsample_heatmap *Downsample Heatmap*

Description

Combine rows to speed up rendering of large heatmaps

Usage

```
downsample_heatmap(tidy_data, value_var, design, max_display_features = 1000)
```

Arguments

tidy_data	The data frame from a tidy_omic object containing ordered feature and sample primary keys defined by ordered_featureId and ordered_sampleId.
value_var	which variable in "measurements" to use for quantification.
design	a list summarizing the design of the tidy dataset
max_display_features	aggregate and downsample distinct feature to this number to speed to up heatmap rendering.

Value

tidy_data with rows collapsed if the number of distinct features is greater than max_display_features

export_tomic_as_tidy *Export T*Omic in Tidy Format*

Description

Export a data table including all fields from features, samples and measurements.

Usage

```
export_tomic_as_tidy(tomic, dir_path, name_preamble)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
dir_path	path to save outputs
name_preamble	start of output file name

Value

Export one table which is one row per peak, which includes all feature and sample attributes.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  export_tomic_as_tidy(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")  
}
```

export_tomic_as_triple
*Export T*Omic as Triple*

Description

Export features, samples and measurements tables

Usage

```
export_tomic_as_triple(tomic, dir_path, name_preamble)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
dir_path	path to save outputs
name_preamble	start of output file name

Value

Export three tables:

- features: one row per features measured (i.e., a metabolite)
- sample: one row per sample
- measurements: one row per measurement (i.e., one metabolite in one sample)

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  export_tomic_as_triple(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")  
}
```

export_tomic_as_wide *Export T*Omic as Wide Data*

Description

abundances form a matrix with metabolites as rows and samples as columns. Use transpose to treat samples as rows filename

Usage

```
export_tomic_as_wide(  
  tomic,  
  dir_path,  
  name_preamble,  
  value_var = NULL,  
  transpose = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
dir_path	path to save outputs
name_preamble	start of output file name
value_var	measurement variable to use for the matrix
transpose	if TRUE then samples will be stored as rows

Value

Export one table which contains metabolites as rows and samples as columns.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  export_tomic_as_wide(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")
}
```

filterInput	<i>Filter Input</i>
-------------	---------------------

Description

UI components for the filter module.

Usage

```
filterInput(id, filter_table)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
filter_table	table to filter

Value

A shiny UI

filterServer	<i>Filter Server</i>
--------------	----------------------

Description

Server components for the filter module.

Usage

```
filterServer(id, tidy_omic, filter_table)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
filter_table	table to filter

Value

A tidy_omic with some features and/or samples filtered.

filter_tomic	<i>Filter T* Omics</i>
--------------	------------------------

Description

Filter a tidy or triple omic to entries of interest.

Usage

```
filter_tomic(
  tomic,
  filter_type,
  filter_table,
  filter_value,
  filter_variable = NULL
)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
filter_type	category filter filter_variable to categories specified in filter_value range filter filter_variable to using the range (i.e., lower and upper limit) provided in filter_value apply a quosure as a filter_value to a table of interest
filter_table	table where the filter should be applied
filter_value	values to filter based on
filter_variable	variable to apply the filter to

Value

A tomic object where a subset of features, samples or measurmenets have been filtered.

Examples

```
filter_tomic(
  brauer_2008_triple,
  filter_type = "category",
  filter_table = "features",
  filter_variable = "BP",
  filter_value = c("biological process unknown", "vacuolar acidification")
)

filter_tomic(
  brauer_2008_triple,
  filter_type = "category",
```

```
    filter_table = "samples",
    filter_variable = "DR",
    filter_value = 0.05
  )

  filter_tomic(
    brauer_2008_tidy,
    filter_type = "range",
    filter_table = "samples",
    filter_variable = "DR",
    filter_value = c(0, 0.2)
  )

  filter_tomic(
    brauer_2008_triple,
    filter_type = "quo",
    filter_table = "features",
    filter_value = rlang::quo(BP == "biological process unknown")
  )
}
```

format_names_for_plotting

Format Names for Plotting

Description

Wrap long names over multiple lines so that they will look better on plots.

Usage

```
format_names_for_plotting(chars, width = 40, truncate_at = 80)
```

Arguments

chars	a character vector (or a variable that can be converted to one)
width	Positive integer giving target line width (in number of characters). A width less than or equal to 1 will put each word on its own line.
truncate_at	max character length

Value

a reformatted character vector of the same length as the input.

Examples

```
chars <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer
ac arcu semper erat porttitor egestas. Etiam sagittis, sapien at mattis."
```

```
format_names_for_plotting(chars)
```

get_design_tbl	<i>Get Design Table</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

Get a tabular summary of all variables.

Usage

```
get_design_tbl(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

a tibble reflecting the tomic object's design.

Examples

```
get_design_tbl(brauer_2008_triple)
```

ggBivOutput	<i>ggBivariate Output</i>
-------------	---------------------------

Description

UI components for the ggBivariate module.

Usage

```
ggBivOutput(id, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.

return_brushed_points
 Return values selected on the plot

Value

A shiny UI

ggBivServer	<i>ggBivariate Server</i>
-------------	---------------------------

Description

Server components for the ggBivariate module.

Usage

```
ggBivServer(id, tomic, plot_table, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

a tomic_table if return_brushed_points is TRUE, and 0 otherwise

ggplotOutput	<i>ggplot Output</i>
--------------	----------------------

Description

UI components for the ggplot module.

Usage

```
ggplotOutput(
  id,
  default_data_type = "samples",
  default_plot_type = "univariate"
)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
default_data_type	Default data type selection
default_plot_type	Default plot type selection

Value

A shiny UI

ggplotServer	<i>ggplot Server</i>
--------------	----------------------

Description

Server components for the ggplot module.

Usage

```
ggplotServer(id, tomic, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

a tibble of selected observations if return_brushed_points is TRUE. Otherwise, returns NULL.

ggUnivOutput	<i>ggUnivariate Output</i>
--------------	----------------------------

Description

UI components for the ggUnivariate module.

Usage

```
ggUnivOutput(id, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

A shiny UI

 ggUnivServer

ggUnivariate Server

Description

Server components for the ggUnivariate module

Usage

```
ggUnivServer(id, tomic, plot_table, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

a tomic_table if return_brushed_points is TRUE, and 0 otherwise.

 hclust_order

Hierarchical clustering order

Description

Format and hierarchically cluster a data.frame. If hclust could not normally be produced (usually because no samples are in common for a feature) pad the matrix with zeros and still calculate the distance

Usage

```
hclust_order(
  df,
  feature_pk,
  sample_pk,
  value_var,
  cluster_dim,
  distance_measure = "dist",
  hclust_method = "ward.D2"
)
```

Arguments

`df` data.frame to cluster

`feature_pk` variable uniquely defining a row

`sample_pk` variable uniquely defining a sample

`value_var` An abundance value to use with `hclust`

`cluster_dim` rows, columns, or both

`distance_measure`
variable to use for computing dis-similarity
corr pearson correlation
dist euclidean distance

`hclust_method` method from `stats::hclust` to use for clustering

Value

a list containing a hierarchically clustered set of rows and/or columns

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

df <- tidyr::crossing(letters = LETTERS, numbers = 1:10) %>%
  mutate(noise = rnorm(n()))
hclust_order(df, "letters", "numbers", "noise", "rows")
```

`impute_missing_values` *Impute Missing Values*

Description

Impute missing values using K-nearest neighbors imputation

Usage

```
impute_missing_values(  
  tomic,  
  impute_var_name = "imputed",  
  value_var = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
impute_var_name variable to create for imputed measurements
value_var An abundance value to use with hclust
... additional arguments to pass to [impute.knn](#)

Value

A tomic object with imputed measurements.

Examples

```
impute_missing_values(brauer_2008_triple)
```

infer_tomic_table_type

Infer Tomic Table Type

Description

From a tomic_table, choose whether it reflects features, samples or measurements

Usage

```
infer_tomic_table_type(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
tomic_table A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

features, samples or measurements

 lassoInput

Lasso Input

Description

UI components for the lasso module.

Usage

```
lassoInput(id)
```

Arguments

`id` An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.

Value

A shiny UI

lassoServer

Lasso Server

Description

Take a subset of entries from a tomic table (generally selected using the lasso function) and then either filter a tomic object to these entries or tag the entries of interest with a user-specified variable.

Usage

```
lassoServer(id, tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

`id` An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
`tomic` Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object
`tomic_table` A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A tomic object amended based on the lasso selection.

organizeInput	<i>Organize Input</i>
---------------	-----------------------

Description

UI components for the organize input module.

Usage

```
organizeInput(id)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
----	--

Value

A shiny UI

organizeServer	<i>Organize Servers</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

Server components for the organize input module.

Usage

```
organizeServer(id, tidy_omic, feature_vars, sample_vars, value_var)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
feature_vars	variables available for arranging features
sample_vars	variables available for arrange samples
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

A tomic with sorted features and/or samples.

plotsaverInput	<i>Plot Saver Input</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

UI components for the plot saver module.

Usage

```
plotsaverInput(id, ui_format = "tall")
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
ui_format	Set UI appearance
tall	stack all UI elements
wide	UI elements are side-by-side

Value

a shiny UI

plotsaverServer	<i>Plot Saver Server</i>
-----------------	--------------------------

Description

Server components for the plot saver module.

Usage

```
plotsaverServer(id, grob, filename = "grob.png")
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
grob	a ggplot2 plot
filename	filename for saving plot. The extension will be respected by ggsave .

Value

None

plot_bivariate *Bivariate Plot*

Description

Create a scatter or boxplot from a tomic dataset.

Usage

```
plot_bivariate(
  tomic_table,
  x_var,
  y_var,
  color_var = NULL,
  shape_var = NULL,
  alpha_var = NULL,
  size_var = NULL
)
```

Arguments

tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset
x_var	x-axis variable
y_var	y-axis variable
color_var	coloring variable (NULL to suppress coloring)
shape_var	shape variable (NULL to suppress shape)
alpha_var	alpha variable or numeric for constant alpha (NULL to suppress alpha)
size_var	size variable or integer/numeric for constant size (NULL to suppress size)

Value

a ggplot2 grob

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

brauer_augmented <- brauer_2008_tidy %>%
  add_pcs(npcs = 5) %>%
  tomic_to("triple_omic")

tomic_table <- brauer_augmented$samples
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, "PC1", "PC2", "nutrient", "nutrient", 0.5, 10)
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, "PC1", "PC2", NULL)
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, "nutrient", "PC2", "nutrient")
```

plot_heatmap	<i>Plot Heatmap</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Generate a heatmap visualization of a features x samples matrix of measurements.

Usage

```
plot_heatmap(
  tomic,
  feature_var = NULL,
  sample_var = NULL,
  value_var = NULL,
  cluster_dim = "both",
  distance_measure = "dist",
  hclust_method = "ward.D2",
  change_threshold = Inf,
  plot_type = "grob",
  max_display_features = 800
)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
feature_var	variable from "features" to use as a unique feature label.
sample_var	variable from "samples" to use as a unique sample label.
value_var	which variable in "measurements" to use for quantification.
cluster_dim	rows, columns, or both
distance_measure	variable to use for computing dis-similarity corr pearson correlation dist euclidean distance
hclust_method	method from stats::hclust to use for clustering
change_threshold	values with a more extreme absolute change will be thresholded to this value.
plot_type	plotly (for interactivity) or grob (for a static ggplot)
max_display_features	aggregate and downsample distinct feature to this number to speed to up heatmap rendering.

Value

a ggplot2 grob

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

tomic <- brauer_2008_triple %>%
  filter_tomic(
    filter_type = "category",
    filter_table = "features",
    filter_variable = "BP",
    filter_value = c(
      "protein biosynthesis",
      "rRNA processing", "response to stress"
    )
  )

plot_heatmap(
  tomic = tomic,
  value_var = "expression",
  change_threshold = 5,
  cluster_dim = "rows",
  plot_type = "grob",
  distance_measure = "corr"
)
```

plot_univariate	<i>Univariate Plot</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Create a histogram from a tomic dataset.

Usage

```
plot_univariate(tomic_table, x_var, color_var = NULL)
```

Arguments

tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset
x_var	x-axis variable
color_var	coloring variable (NULL to suppress coloring)

Value

A ggplot2 grob

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

brauer_augmented <- brauer_2008_tidy %>%
  add_pcs(npcs = 5) %>%
  tomic_to("triple_omic")

plot_univariate(brauer_augmented$samples, "PC1", "nutrient")
plot_univariate(brauer_augmented$measurements, "expression", NULL)
```

```
prepare_example_datasets
```

Prepare Example Datasets

Description

Format example datasets and add them to the package.

Usage

```
prepare_example_datasets(seed = 1234)
```

Arguments

seed a seed value used to reproducibly sample random genes.

Value

None; used for side-effects.

```
reconcile_triple_omic
```

Reconcile Triple Omic

Description

If some samples, feature or measurements have been dropped; update other tables.

Usage

```
reconcile_triple_omic(triple_omic)
```

Arguments

triple_omic an object of class triple_omic produced by [create_triple_omic](#)

Value

a triple_omic object

remove_missing_values *Remove Missing Values*

Description

Account for missing values by dropping features, samples or using imputation.

Usage

```
remove_missing_values(
  tomic,
  value_var = NULL,
  missing_val_method = "drop_samples"
)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

value_var An abundance value to use with hclust

missing_val_method Approach to remove missing values:

- drop_features** Drop features with missing values
- drop_samples** Drop samples which are missing all features, then drop features
- impute** Impute missing values

Value

A tomic object where missing values have been accounted for.

Examples

```
remove_missing_values(brauer_2008_triple)
```

romic *romic package*

Description

'romic' represents high-dimensional data as tables of features, samples and measurements, and a design list for tracking the meaning of individual variables. Using this format, filtering, normalization, and other transformations of a dataset can be carried out in a flexible manner. 'romic' takes advantage of these transformations to create interactive shiny apps for exploratory data analysis such as an interactive heatmap.

shiny_filter_test	<i>Shiny Filter Test</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Tests the shiny filter module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_filter_test(tidy_omic, filter_table = "features")
```

Arguments

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
filter_table	table to filter

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_filter_test(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

shiny_ggbiv_test	<i>Shiny ggBivariate Test</i>
------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Test the shiny ggBivariate module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_ggbiv_test(tomic, plot_table = "samples")
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_ggbiv_test(  
    add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5),  
    plot_table = "samples"  
  )  
  shiny_ggbiv_test(  
    brauer_2008_triple,  
    plot_table = "measurements"  
  )  
}
```

shiny_ggplot_test	<i>Shiny ggplot Test</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Test the shiny ggplot module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_ggplot_test(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_ggplot_test(add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5))  
  shiny_ggplot_test(brauer_2008_triple)  
}
```

shiny_gguniv_test *Shiny ggUnivariate Test*

Description

Test the shiny ggUnivariate module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_gguniv_test(tomic, plot_table = "samples")
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_gguniv_test(  
    add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5),  
    plot_table = "samples"  
  )  
  shiny_gguniv_test(brauer_2008_triple, plot_table = "measurements")  
  shiny_gguniv_test(brauer_2008_triple, plot_table = "features")  
}
```

shiny_lasso_test *Shiny Lasso Test*

Description

Tests the shiny lasso module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_lasso_test(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple_omic dataset

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  tomic <- brauer_2008_triple  
  tomic_table <- tomic[["samples"]] %>% dplyr::filter(nutrient == "G")  
  shiny_lasso_test(tomic, tomic_table)  
}
```

shiny_lasso_test_reactval

Shiny Lasso Test w/ Reactive Values

Description

Tests the shiny lasso module as a stand-alone application when the tomic is a reactiveVal.

Usage

```
shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
tomic_table A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  tomic <- brauer_2008_triple  
  tomic_table <- tomic[["samples"]] %>% dplyr::filter(nutrient == "G")  
  shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)  
  
  tomic_table <- tomic[["measurements"]] %>% dplyr::filter(expression < -3)  
  shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)  
}
```

shiny_organize_test *Shiny Organize Test*

Description

Tests the shiny organization module as stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_organize_test(tidy_omic, feature_vars, sample_vars, value_var)
```

Arguments

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
feature_vars	variables available for arranging features
sample_vars	variables available for arrange samples
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_organize_test(  
    brauer_2008_tidy,  
    feature_vars = c("BP", "MF"),  
    sample_vars = c("sample", "nutrient", "DR"),  
    value_var = "expression"  
  )  
}
```

shiny_plotsaver_test *Shiny Plot Saver Test*

Description

Test the shiny plotsaver module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_plotsaver_test()
```

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_plotsaver_test()  
}
```

shiny_sort_test	<i>Shiny Sort Test</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Test the shiny sorting module as a stand-alone app.

Usage

```
shiny_sort_test(triple_omic, valid_sort_vars, value_var)
```

Arguments

`triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create_triple_omic](#)
`valid_sort_vars` variables available for categorical arranging
`value_var` An abundance value to use with `hclust`

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_sort_test(brauer_2008_triple,  
    valid_sort_vars = c("sample", "nutrient", "DR"),  
    value_var = "expression"  
  )  
}
```

sortInput	<i>Sort Input</i>
-----------	-------------------

Description

UI components for the sort module.

Usage

```
sortInput(id, sort_table)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
sort_table	table to sort

Value

A shiny UI

sortServer	<i>Sort Server</i>
------------	--------------------

Description

Server components for the sort module.

Usage

```
sortServer(id, tomic, sort_table, valid_sort_vars = NULL, value_var = NULL)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
sort_table	samples or features
valid_sort_vars	variables available for categorical arranging
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

A sorted tomic object.

 sort_tomic

Sort Triple Omic

Description

Sort a dataset's features or samples

Usage

```
sort_tomic(
  tomic,
  sort_type,
  sort_table,
  sort_variables = NULL,
  value_var = NULL
)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
sort_type	hclust Arrange samples by hierarchical clustering of a provided value_var arrange Arrange samples by the factor or alphanumeric ordering of a set of sort_variables
sort_table	samples or features
sort_variables	A set of attributes in sort_table to sort with in arrange.
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Details

sort_tomic supports the reordering of features or samples using either hierarchical clustering or based on the levels of other variables. Sorting occurs by turning either the feature or sample primary key into a factor whose levels reflect the sort.

Value

A tomic object where feature or sample primary keys have been turned into a factor reflecting how they are sorted.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

sort_tomic(brauer_2008_triple,
  sort_type = "arrange", sort_table = "samples",
  sort_variables = c("nutrient", "DR")
) %>%
```



```

sort_tomic(
  sort_type = "hclust",
  sort_table = "features",
  value_var = "expression"
)

```

sort_triple_arrange *Sort Triple Arrange*

Description

Sort a triple_omic object based on the values of one or more variables.

Usage

```
sort_triple_arrange(triple_omic, sort_table, sort_variables)
```

Arguments

triple_omic an object of class triple_omic produced by [create_triple_omic](#)
 sort_table samples or features
 sort_variables A set of attributes in sort_table to sort with in arrange.

Value

A triple_omic with sorted features or samples.

sort_triple_hclust *Sort Triple Hclust*

Description

Sort a triple_omic object using hierarchical clustering

Usage

```
sort_triple_hclust(triple_omic, sort_table, value_var)
```

Arguments

triple_omic an object of class triple_omic produced by [create_triple_omic](#)
 sort_table samples or features
 value_var An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

A triple_omic with clustered features or samples.

tidy_to_triple	<i>Tidy omic to triple omic</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Convert a tidy_omic object into a triple_omic object.

Usage

```
tidy_to_triple(tidy_omic)
```

Arguments

tidy_omic an object of class tidy_omic produced by [create_tidy_omic](#)

Details

The data table will be converted into features, samples, and measurements tables using the design to determine which variables belong in each table. The design will be preserved as-is.

Value

A triple_omic object as created by [create_triple_omic](#)

Examples

```
tidy_to_triple(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

tomic_sort_status	<i>T* Omic Sort Status</i>
-------------------	----------------------------

Description

Determine whether features &/or samples have been sorted and stored as ordered_featureId and ordered_sampleId.

Usage

```
tomic_sort_status(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

length 1 character string indicating whether the tomic is sorted.

Examples

```
tomic_sort_status(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

tomic_to	<i>T* Omic To</i>
----------	-------------------

Description

Takes in any romic representation of a dataset and returns a specific representation.

Usage

```
tomic_to(tomic, to_class)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
to_class	The class to return, either tidy_omic or triple_omic

Value

tomic transformed to to_class class (or un-transformed if it started that way).

Examples

```
tomic_to(brauer_2008_tidy, "triple_omic")
```

triple_to_tidy	<i>Triple Omic to Tidy Omic</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Convert a triple_omic object into a tidy_omic oobject.

Usage

```
triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)
```

Arguments

triple_omic	an object of class triple_omic produced by create_triple_omic
-------------	---

Details

Features, samples and measurements will be merged into a single data table, and the design will be preserved as-is.

Value

A tidy_omic object as created by [create_tidy_omic](#).

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)
```

try_brushedPoints *Try brushedPoints*

Description

This function wraps brushedPoints in a try statement to catch cases where the brushing is out-of-sync with the df that is selected.

Usage

```
try_brushedPoints(...)
```

Arguments

... args to pass to [brushedPoints](#)

Value

a df of brushed points

update_tidy_omic	<i>Update Tidy Omic</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Update a Tidy 'Omics data and schema to reflect newly added fields.

Usage

```
update_tidy_omic(tidy_omic, updated_tidy_data, new_variable_tables = c())
```

Arguments

`tidy_omic` an object of class `tidy_omic` produced by [create_tidy_omic](#)

`updated_tidy_data` a tibble of data to use to update `tidy_omic`.

`new_variable_tables` a named character vector of newly added variables in `updated_tidy_data` (names) and the table features, samples, measurements they apply to (values).

Value

a `tidy_omic` object with an updated schema and/or data.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

tidy_omic <- brauer_2008_tidy
updated_tidy_data <- tidy_omic$data %>%
  mutate(new_sample_var = "foo") %>%
  select(-DR)
new_variable_tables <- c("new_sample_var" = "samples")
```

update_tomic	<i>Update T* Omic</i>
--------------	-----------------------

Description

Provide an updated features, samples or measurements table to a tomic.

Usage

```
update_tomic(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A tomic object with updated features, samples or measurements.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
updated_features <- brauer_2008_triple$features %>%
  dplyr::filter(BP == "biological process unknown") %>%
  dplyr::mutate(chromosome = purrr::map_int(systematic_name, function(x) {
    which(LETTERS == stringr::str_match(x, "Y([A-Z])")[2])
  }))

update_tomic(brauer_2008_triple, updated_features)
```

var_partial_match	<i>Var Partial Match</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Partial string matching of a provided variable to the variables available in a table

Usage

```
var_partial_match(x, df)
```

Arguments

x	a variable name or regex match to a variable name
df	a data.frame or tibble

var_partial_match

47

Value

a single variable from df

Index

* datasets

- brauer_2008, 6
- add_pcs, 3
- app_flow, 4
- app_heatmap, 5
- app_pcs, 5

- brauer_2008, 6, 6
- brauer_2008_tidy (brauer_2008), 6
- brauer_2008_triple (brauer_2008), 6
- brushedPoints, 44

- center_tomic, 7
- check_tidy_omic, 7
- check_tomic, 8
- check_triple_omic, 8
- convert_wide_to_tidy_omic, 9
- create_tidy_omic, 7, 10, 16, 26, 33, 37, 42, 44, 45
- create_triple_omic, 8, 11, 31, 38, 41–43

- downsample_heatmap, 13

- export_tomic_as_tidy, 14
- export_tomic_as_triple, 14
- export_tomic_as_wide, 15

- filter_tomic, 17
- filterInput, 16
- filterServer, 16
- format_names_for_plotting, 18

- get_design_tbl, 19
- ggBivOutput, 19
- ggBivServer, 20
- ggplotOutput, 20
- ggplotServer, 21
- ggsave, 27
- ggUnivOutput, 21
- ggUnivServer, 22

- hclust_order, 22

- impute.knn, 24
- impute_missing_values, 23
- infer_tomic_table_type, 24

- lassoInput, 25
- lassoServer, 25

- organizeInput, 26
- organizeServer, 26

- plot_bivariate, 28
- plot_heatmap, 29
- plot_univariate, 30
- plotsaverInput, 27
- plotsaverServer, 27
- prepare_example_datasets, 31

- reconcile_triple_omic, 31
- remove_missing_values, 32
- romic, 32

- shiny_filter_test, 33
- shiny_ggbiv_test, 33
- shiny_ggplot_test, 34
- shiny_gguniv_test, 35
- shiny_lasso_test, 35
- shiny_lasso_test_reactval, 36
- shiny_organize_test, 37
- shiny_plotsaver_test, 37
- shiny_sort_test, 38
- sort_tomic, 40
- sort_triple_arrange, 41
- sort_triple_hclust, 41
- sortInput, 39
- sortServer, 39

- tidy_to_triple, 42
- tomic_sort_status, 42
- tomic_to, 43

triple_to_tidy, [43](#)
try_brushedPoints, [44](#)

update_tidy_omic, [45](#)
update_tomic, [46](#)

var_partial_match, [46](#)